

Superoxide Dismutase (SOD) Typed Activity Assay Kit with WST-1

(Total SOD, Cu/Zn SOD, Mn SOD Activity)

Note: It is necessary to predict 2-3 large difference samples before the formal determination.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Catalog Number: NA0163

Size: 50T/24S

Components:

Extraction Reagent I: Liquid 60 mL×1. Store at 2-8°C.

Extraction Reagent II: Liquid 10 mL×1. Store at 2-8°C.

Reagent I: Liquid 25 mL×1. Store at 2-8°C.

Reagent II: Liquid 60 μL×1. Store at 2-8°C. Mix by pipetting after centrifugation, and dilute 100 times with sterilized water according to the number of samples before use.

Reagent III: Liquid 21 mL×1. Store at 2-8°C.

Reagent IV: Liquid 0.8 mL×1. Store at 2-8°C. Dilute 10 times with sterilized water according to the number of samples before use.

Product Description:

Superoxide dismutase (SOD, EC 1.15.1.1) is widely found in animals, plants, microorganisms and cultured cells. SOD represents a group of enzymes that use as cofactor copper and zinc, or manganese, or iron ions. Cu/Zn SOD is located in the cytoplasm, and Mn SOD in the mitochondria. It catalyzes the superoxide anion to form H₂O₂ and O₂. SOD is not only the superoxide anion scavenging enzyme, but also the main H₂O₂ producing enzyme, which plays an important role in the biological antioxidant system.

Superoxide anion (O₂⁻) is produced by xanthine and xanthine oxidase reaction system. O₂⁻ can reduce water-soluble tetrazolium-1(WST-1) to form a yellow formazan dye, which has absorbance in 450 nm. SOD can remove O₂⁻ and inhibit the formation of the formazan dye. The darker the yellow color of the reaction solution, the lower the SOD activity. The lighter the yellow color of the reaction solution, the higher the activity of SOD. Cu/Zn SOD activity unchanged and Mn SOD activity inactivated after treated. Mn SOD activity could be calculated by determination of total SOD activity and Mn SOD activity.

Reagents and Equipments Required but Not Provided:

Spectrophotometer, table centrifuge, constant temperature foster box/water-bath, vortex mixer/oscillator, water bath, transferpettor, 1mL glass cuvette, mortar/ homogenizer/cell ultrasonic crusher, ice and sterilized water.

Operation steps:

I. Sample preparation:

1. Total SOD activity

- 1) **Bacteria or cells:** collect bacteria or cells into the centrifuge tube, discard supernatant after

centrifugation. According to the proportion of bacteria or cells number (10^4): Extraction reagent I volume (mL) of 500-1000-1 to extract. It is suggested that 5 million of bacteria or cell amount with 1 mL of Extraction reagent I. Split the bacteria or cell with ultrasonication (placed on ice, ultrasonic power 200W, working time 3s, interval 10s, repeat for 30 times). Centrifuge at 8000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C to remove insoluble materials, and take the supernatant on ice before testing.

- 2) **Tissue:** According to the proportion of tissue weight (g): Extraction reagent I volume (mL) of 1:5-10 to extract. it is suggested that 0.1 g of tissue with 1 mL of Extraction reagent I and fully homogenized on ice bath. Centrifuge at 8000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C to remove insoluble materials, and take the supernatant on ice before testing.
- 3) **Serum (plasma) sample:** detect sample directly. Centrifuge before detect if there are precipitation.

2. Cu/Zn SOD activity

- 1) Take the supernatant from the previous step. According to the proportion of supernatant volume (mL): Extraction reagent II volume (mL) of 2:3 to mix. it is suggested that 0.2 mL of supernatant with 0.3 mL of Extraction reagent II and fully mixed for 1 minute. Centrifuge at 4000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C to inactivate Mn SOD, and take the uppermost layer of the solution (Treated supernatant) to determinate Cu/Zn SOD activity.

Note: there are three layers in the solution after centrifuge and tests only need the uppermost layer.

- 2) According to the proportion of water volume (mL): Extraction reagent II volume (mL) of 2:3 to mix. it is suggested that 0.2 mL of water with 0.3 mL of Extraction reagent II and fully mixed for 1 minute. Centrifuge at 4000 g for 10 minutes at 4°C, and take the uppermost layer of the solution (Treated water) to be the blank tube of Cu/Zn SOD activity detection.

II. Determination procedure:

1. Preheat the spectrophotometer for 30 minutes, adjust wavelength to 450 nm, set zero with distilled water.
2. Preheat Reagent I, Reagent III, Reagent IV for 5 minutes at 37°C.
3. Add reagents with the following list:

Reagent (μL)	Total SOD Activity				Cu/Zn SOD activity			
	Test tube 1 (T1)	Control tube 1 (C1)	Blank tube 1 (B1)	Blank tube 2 (B2)	Test tube 2 (T2)	Control tube 2 (C2)	Blank tube 3 (B3)	Blank tube 4 (B4)
Supernatant	90	90	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treated supernatant	-	-	-	-	90	90	-	-
Treated water	-	-	-	-	-	-	90	90
Reagent I	225	225	225	225	225	225	225	225
Reagent II	100	-	100	-	100	-	100	-
Reagent III	175	175	175	175	175	175	175	175

Sterilized water	360	460	450	550	360	460	360	460
Reagent IV	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50

Mix thoroughly and the mixture is incubated at 37°C for 30 minutes. Add the mixture into 1mL glass cuvette, and detect the absorbance value of each tube at 450 nm. Blank tubes need to test once or twice and every test tube need a contrast tube.

Tubes for **Total SOD activity** is A_{T1} , A_{C1} , A_{B1} , A_{B2} , and $\Delta A_{T1}=A_{T1}-A_{C1}$, $\Delta A_{B1}=A_{B1}-A_{B2}$.

Tubes for **Cu/Zn SOD activity** is A_{T2} , A_{C2} , A_{B3} , A_{B4} , and $\Delta A_{T2}=A_{T2}-A_{C2}$, $\Delta A_{B3}=A_{B3}-A_{B4}$.

III. Calculation:

1. Inhibition percentage:

Total SOD activity Inhibition percentage= $(\Delta A_{B1}-\Delta A_{T1})\div\Delta A_{B1}\times 100\%$

Cu/Zn SOD activity Inhibition percentage= $(\Delta A_{B3}-\Delta A_{T2})\div\Delta A_{B3}\times 100\%$

The inhibition percentage should be in 30%~70% (the value close to 50% will have a more accurate result). If the calculated inhibition percentage is less than 30% or more than 70%, it is usually necessary to adjust the sample addition amount and redetermine. If the percentage of inhibition is too high, the sample should be diluted properly. If the percentage of inhibition is too low, the sample should be reprepared with a higher concentration. **And modify the calculation formula.**

2. Unit definition: One unit of enzyme activity is defined as the amount of enzyme catalyzes the inhibition of 50% in the reaction system of the above xanthine oxidase.

3. Calculation

A. Serum (plasma) sample

$$\text{SOD Activity(U/mL)}=[P\div(1-P)\times V_{rv}]\div V_s\times F=11.11\times P\div(1-P)\times F$$

B. Tissue, bacteria or cultured cells

a) Protein concentration:

$$\text{SOD Activity(U/mg prot)}=[P\div(1-P)\times V_{rv}]\div(V_s\times C_{pr})\times F=11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div C_{pr}\times F$$

b) Sample weight

$$\text{SOD Activity(U/g weight)}=[P\div(1-P)\times V_{rv}]\div(W\times V_s\div V_{sv})\times F=11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div W\times F$$

c) Bacteria or cell amount

$$\text{SOD Activity(U/10}^4\text{ cell)}=[P\div(1-P)\times V_{rv}]\div(500\times V_s\div V_{sv})\times F=0.022\times P\div(1-P)\times F$$

C. Mn SOD Activity=Total SOD Activity-Cu/Zn SOD Activity

V_{rv} : Total reaction volume, 1 mL;

V_s : Sample volume, 0.09 mL;

V_{sv} : Extraction volume, 1 mL;

C_{pr} : Sample protein concentration, mg/mL;

W : Sample weight, g;

500: Total number of bacteria and cells, 5 million;

P: Inhibition percentage , %;

F: Sample dilution multiple.

Note:

1. The Sample and Reagent II should be placed on ice when using.
2. When there are many samples, the working solution (including Reagent I, II and III) can be configured according to the table. Reagent IV must be added finally.
3. These Reagents could be used to detect Mn SOD activity of 24 samples or Cn/Zn SOD activity of 48 samples.

Experimental Examples:

1. 0.1019 g of *Plantago asiatica* leaves is added into 1 mL of Extraction reagent I for homogenization. After the supernatant is taken and diluted 2 times, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that $\Delta A_{T1}=A_{T1}-A_{C1}=0.3454-0.0887=0.2567$, $\Delta A_{B1}=A_{B1}-A_{B2}=0.7898-0.0694=0.7204$. Total SOD Inhibition percentage = $(\Delta A_{B1}-\Delta A_{T1})\div\Delta A_{B1}\times 100\% = 64.367\%$; Add 0.3mL of Extraction reagent II to 0.2 mL of diluted supernatant, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that $\Delta A_{T2}=A_{T2}-A_{C2}= 0.7646-0.0683=0.6963$, $\Delta A_{B3}=A_{B3}-A_{B4}= 1.2289-0.0580=1.1709$. Cn/Zn SOD Inhibition percentage= $(\Delta A_{B3}-\Delta A_{T2})\div\Delta A_{B3}\times 100\% = 40.533\%$, and the enzyme activity is calculated according to the sample weight.

Total SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div W\times F = 393.896$ U/g weight.

Cn/Zn SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div W\times F = 148.628$ U/g weight.

Mn SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $393.896-148.628 =245.268$ U/g weight.

2. 0.1104 g of rabbit spleen is added into 1 mL of Extraction reagent I for homogenization. After the supernatant is taken and diluted 10 times, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that $\Delta A_{T1}=A_{T1}-A_{C1}=0.3507-0.0699=0.2808$, $\Delta A_{B1}=A_{B1}-A_{B2}=0.7898-0.0694=0.7204$. Total SOD Inhibition percentage = $(\Delta A_{B1}-\Delta A_{T1})\div\Delta A_{B1}\times 100\% = 61.022\%$; Add 0.3mL of Extraction reagent II to 0.2 mL of diluted supernatant, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that $\Delta A_{T2}=A_{T2}-A_{C2}= 0.7782-0.0543=0.7239$, $\Delta A_{B3}=A_{B3}-A_{B4}= 1.2289-0.0580=1.1709$. Cn/Zn SOD Inhibition percentage= $(\Delta A_{B3}-\Delta A_{T2})\div\Delta A_{B3}\times 100\% = 38.176\%$, and the enzyme activity is calculated according to the sample weight.

Total SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div W\times F = 1575.453$ U/g weight.

Cn/Zn SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $11.11\times P\div(1-P)\div W\times F = 621.404$ U/g weight.

Mn SOD Activity(U/g weight) = $1575.453-621.404=954.049$ U/g weight.

3. 10 million of cell amount is added into 1 mL of Extraction reagent I for homogenization. After the supernatant is taken and sample volume is doubled, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that $\Delta A_{T1}=A_{T1}-A_{C1}=0.3761-0.1271=0.2490$, $\Delta A_{B1}=A_{B1}-A_{B2}=0.8318-0.0608=0.7710$. Total SOD Inhibition percentage = $(\Delta A_{B1}-$

$\Delta A_{T1} \div \Delta A_{B1} \times 100\% = 67.704\%$; Add 0.3mL of Extraction reagent II to 0.2 mL of diluted supernatant, the operation is carried out according to the determination steps. The results with glass cuvette showed that

$\Delta A_{T2} = A_{T2} - A_{C2} = 0.5994 - 0.0590 = 0.5404$, $\Delta A_{B3} = A_{B3} - A_{B4} = 1.0406 - 0.0545 = 0.9861$. Cn/Zn SOD Inhibition percentage = $(\Delta A_{B3} - \Delta A_{T2}) \div \Delta A_{B3} \times 100\% = 45.201\%$, modify the calculation formula and the enzyme activity is calculated according to the cell amount.

Total SOD Activity(U/10⁴ cell) = $0.0056 \times P \div (1-P) \div W \times F = 0.012$ U/10⁴ cell.

Cn/Zn SOD Activity(U/10⁴ cell) = $0.0056 \times P \div (1-P) \div W \times F = 0.005$ U/10⁴ cell.

Mn SOD Activity(U/10⁴ cell) = $0.012 - 0.005 = 0.007$ U/10⁴ cell.

References:

- [1] Peskin A V, Winterbourn C C . A microtiter plate assay for superoxide dismutase using a water-soluble tetrazolium salt (WST-1) [J]. Clinica chimica acta, 2000, 293(1-2):157-166.
- [2] Hou Z, Zhao L, Wang Y, et al. Purification and characterization of superoxide dismutases from sea buckthorn and chestnut rose[J]. Journal of food science, 2019, 84(4): 746-753.
- [3] Cristiana, F. , Elena, A. and Nina, Z. Superoxide Dismutase: Therapeutic Targets in SOD Related Pathology[J]. Health, 2014, 06(10):975-988.

Related Products:

- NA0857/NA0615 Superoxide Dismutase (SOD) Activity Assay Kit
- NA0855/NA0613 Polyphenol Oxidase (PPO) Activity Assay Kit
- NA0853/NA0611 Phenylalnine Ammonialyase (PAL) Activity Assay Kit
- NA0854/NA0386 Catalase (CAT) Activity Assay Kit
- NA0864/NA0621 Peroxidase (POD) Activity Assay Kit
- NA0181/NA0180 Superoxide Dismutase (SOD) Activity Assay Kit with WST-1

