

Blood Magnesium Content Assay Kit

Note: Take two or three different samples for prediction before test.

Operation Equipment: Spectrophotometer

Cat No: NA0668

Size: 50T/48S

Components:

Reagent I: Powder×1, store at 4°C; Dissolve in 5 mL distilled water at 50°C before use.

Reagent II: 5 mL×1, store at 4°C

Reagent III: 10 mL×1, store at 4°C

Standard: 1 mL×1, 4mmol/L magnesium standard solution, store at 4°C. Add equal distilled water to 2 mmol/L before use.

Description:

Magnesium is the activator of many enzymes, such as phosphatase, creatine kinase, hexokinase and carboxylase. Magnesium is also an essential element for the formation of DNA, RNA and ribosomal macromolecular structures. Meanwhile, magnesium is an important element in maintaining normal nerve and muscle function. Serum magnesium concentration deviating from the normal value is related to some kidney and endocrine diseases, etc.

In alkaline condition, magnesium ions combined with hydroxide ions to colloidal particle, and further turns orange-red color when combined with titan yellow. In a certain range, the absorbance at 540 nm is proportional to the concentration of magnesium ions.

Required but not provided:

Spectrophotometer, transferpettor, 1mL glass cuvette and distilled water.

Protocol:

1. Preheat spectrophotometer for 30min, adjust wavelength to 540 nm and set zero with distilled water.
2. Add reagents according to the following table.

	Blank tube (B)	Standard tube (S)	Test tube (T)
Distilled water (μL)	600	550	550
Standard working solution (μL)	-	50	-
Serum sample (μL)	-	-	50
Reagent I (μL)	100	100	100
Reagent II (μL)	100	100	100
Reagent III (μL)	200	200	200

Detect the absorbance of 540nm after reacting 5min in RT. Record A_B , A_S , A_T .

Calculation of Blood Magnesium Concentration

$$\text{Blood Magnesium Concentration (mmol/dL)} = [C_S \times (A_T - A_B) \div (A_T - A_B)] \times 0.1 = 0.2 \times (A_T - A_B) \div (A_S - A_B)$$

C_S : 2mmol/L

Conversion factor: 1 dL=0.1 L

Note:

1. Avoid light exposure during operation
2. Fasting blood should be taken and sodium citrate cannot be used as anticoagulant.
3. Magnesium concentration in red blood cell is about 3 times higher than serum. Serum should be separated from blood as soon as possible to avoid hemolysis.
4. After adding Reagent III and mixing thoroughly, detection procedure should be completed within 30min.

Related Products:

NA0811/NA0569	Blood Calcium Content Assay Kit
NA0669/NA0428	Blood Potassium Content Assay Kit
NA0661/NA0420	Serum Total Iron Binding Capacity(TIBC) Assay Kit
NA0666/NA0424	Blood Zinc Content Assay Kit